

ADDITIONAL READING EXERCISE THREE

Instructions: For this exercise, students will read a variety of documents relating to the early years of the Republic (1801-1853). Links to online versions of these documents are provided on the professor's website at http://profbutler.watermelon-kid.com/students/reading/1301_reading.htm#3. Referring to this material, students will answer the following questions on a Scantron Form 882-E.

- 1) Which one of the following accomplishments or positions did Thomas Jefferson **NOT** ask to have placed on his tombstone?
 - a) Author of the Declaration of Independence
 - b) Author of the Statute of Virginia for Religious Freedom
 - c) President of the United States
 - d) Father of the University of Virginia

- 2) In his *Secret Message to Congress regarding the Lewis and Clark Expedition*, how much money did President Jefferson ask Congress to approve?
 - a.) \$2,500
 - b.) \$10,000
 - c.) \$50,000
 - d.) \$1 million

- 3) Which two American diplomats negotiated the *Louisiana Purchase Treaty*?
 - a) Alexander Hamilton and Aaron Burr
 - b) James Monroe and Robert Livingston
 - c) John Quincy Adams and John Marshall
 - d) Meriwether Lewis and William Clark

- 4) Altogether, the United States paid France \$15 million for the Louisiana Territory. How much was this in French Francs?
 - a) 20 million
 - b) 40 million
 - c) 60 million
 - d) 80 million

- 5) What did President Jefferson instruct Meriwether Lewis to do while exploring the Louisiana Territory?
 - a) Find the most direct "water communication" across the continent.
 - b) Gather information about the Indian tribes.
 - c) Make note of the soil and climate.
 - d) All the above

- 6) Reference the *Journals of Lewis and Clark*: What happened on August 20, 1804?
- They discovered a prairie dog village.
 - An enlisted man died.
 - Lewis and another member of the expedition helped deliver an Indian baby by giving its mother ground rattlesnake rattle to drink with a little water.
 - Lewis suggested that Clark take some of Rush's pills for his constipation.
 - The expedition saw the Pacific Ocean for the first time.
- 7) Reference the *Journals of Lewis and Clark*: What happened on September 7, 1804?
- They discovered a prairie dog village.
 - Lewis suggested that Clark take some of Rush's pills for his constipation
 - An enlisted man died.
 - Lewis and another member of the expedition delivered an Indian baby, by giving its mother ground rattlesnake rattle to drink with a little water.
 - The expedition saw the Pacific Ocean for the first time.
- 8) Reference the *Journals of Lewis and Clark*: What happened on February 11, 1805?
- The expedition saw the Pacific Ocean for the first time.
 - They discovered a prairie dog village.
 - An enlisted man died.
 - Lewis and another member of the expedition helped deliver an Indian baby by giving its mother ground rattlesnake rattle to drink with a little water.
 - Lewis suggested that Clark take some of Rush's pills for his constipation.
- 9) Reference the *Journals of Lewis and Clark*: What happened on July 27, 1805?
- They discovered a prairie dog village
 - An enlisted man died.
 - The expedition saw the Pacific Ocean for the first time.
 - Lewis and another member of the expedition helped deliver an Indian baby by giving its mother ground rattlesnake rattle to drink with a little water.
 - Lewis suggested that Clark take some of Rush's pills for his constipation.
- 10) Reference the *Journals of Lewis and Clark*: What happened on November 7, 1805?
- The expedition saw the Pacific Ocean for the first time.
 - They discovered a prairie dog village.
 - An enlisted man died.
 - Lewis shot and killed a buffalo.
 - Lewis suggested that Clark take some of Rush's pills for his constipation
- 11) In the case of *Marbury vs. Madison*, what was originally at issue?
- Marbury had sued Madison for damages when he slipped on the floor at Madison's house.
 - Marbury claimed that Madison owed him money.
 - As Secretary of State, Madison had refused to give Marbury his commission as a justice of the peace.
 - Marbury had sued Madison for breach of contract.

- 12) In the case of *Marbury vs. Madison*, what did the Supreme Court rule?
- That Marbury had a right to his commission.
 - That “a law repugnant to the Constitution is void.”
 - That Marbury had no right to his commission.
 - Both A and B above
- 13) In his 1812 *War Message to Congress*, what did President Madison say the British had been doing?
- Inciting slave revolts in the Southern states.
 - Taking American citizens from U.S. ships and unlawfully impressing them into the Royal Navy.
 - Inciting the “savages” [i.e., Indians] to attack frontier settlers.
 - All the above
 - Only B and C above
- 14) Which future U.S. President was a representative to the 1814 peace talks between the U.S. and Great Britain in Ghent, Belgium?
- Andrew Jackson
 - John Quincy Adams
 - James K. Polk
 - Abraham Lincoln
- 15) Which one of the following statements is **NOT** true about the Treaty of Ghent?
- The United States gained complete and undisputed title to the Oregon Country.
 - Prisoners of war were to be exchanged “as soon as practicable.”
 - Commissioners would be appointed to settle some minor boundary disputes.
 - All seized public and private papers were to be returned to their owners.
- 16) Which one of the following statements is **NOT** true about the Adams-Onis Treaty?
- Spain ceded East and West Florida to the United States.
 - The Sabine, the Red, and the Arkansas rivers were set as the boundary between the United States and Spain’s North American possessions.
 - The inhabitants of the ceded territory would be required to leave within six months of the U.S. taking possession.
 - The inhabitants of the ceded territory would be allowed religious freedom.
- 17) What did the Supreme Court rule in the case of *McCulloch vs. Maryland*?
- That slaves were property, not people.
 - That the federal government had the power to incorporate a bank.
 - That *McCulloch* had no right to sue the State of Maryland.
 - All the above.

- 18) In its decision regarding *McCulloch vs. Maryland*, the Supreme Court interpreted the Constitution in what manner?
- a) Jeffersonian
 - b) Hamiltonian
- 19) What did the 1820 act for forming a Missouri state government also do?
- a) Put an end to the overseas slave trade
 - b) Gave the right to vote to women living west of the Mississippi River
 - c) Forbade slavery in that part of the Louisiana Territory lying north of thirty-six degrees and thirty minutes north latitude, excepting the part set aside as the Missouri Territory
 - d) All the above
- 20) What was essence of the Monroe Doctrine?
- a) That the United States would go to war with Britain over Oregon.
 - b) That a state could leave the Union with the consent of the other states.
 - c) That the Americas were off limits to any future colonization by European powers.
 - d) That all men are created equal.
- 21) What did the Mexican Colonization Law Decree of 1823 require and/or decree?
- a) That foreigners who emigrated into Mexico take up the Roman Catholic Faith
 - b) *Empresarios* had to bring in a minimum of 200 families
 - c) That foreigners who established themselves in Mexico would be considered naturalized citizens
 - d) The children of any slaves born in Mexico would be freed at age fourteen
 - e) All the above
- 22) True (A) or False (B): The Mexican Constitution of 1824 established the Roman Catholic faith as the state church of Mexico.
- 23) In the section of the Mexican Constitution of 1824 dealing with the country's "constituent parts," with which other state was Texas paired?
- a) Chihuahua
 - b) Coahuila
 - c) Tamaulipas
 - d) Nuevo Leon
- 24) In the Mexican Constitution of 1824, how does the presidential oath significantly differ from the presidential oath in the United States Constitution?
- a) The Mexican oath requires swearing to God.
 - b) There is no presidential oath in the Mexican Constitution of 1824.
 - c) The Mexican oath is three paragraphs long.
 - d) None of the above

- 25) What did the 1825 Colonization Law of Coahuila y Texas do?
- a) Invited foreigners to move to Coahuila y Texas
 - b) Gave emigrants tax-exempt status for the first ten years of settlement
 - c) Required forty or more families living in proximity to establish themselves as a town
 - d) All the above
- 26) In his first letter to President Guadalupe Victoria, what did Manuel Mier y Teran recommend?
- a) That North American immigration into Texas be suspended
 - b) That if the North American colonists were going to be allowed to have slaves then the Mexicans in Texas should be allowed also
 - c) That more Mexican troops be stationed in Texas
 - d) All the above
- 27) What did Article 11 of the Mexican Law or Decree of April 6, 1830 prohibit?
- a) The introduction of slaves into Mexican Texas
 - b) Any further emigration into Mexican Texas from the United States
 - c) The shipping of cotton products without paying an export duty
 - d) All of the above
- 28) In his message to Congress, what reason did President Jackson give for supporting and encouraging the Indian Removal policy?
- a) The Indians would be leaving their ancestral lands in more or less the same way that the Europeans did when they came to America.
 - b) That the removal of the Indians was a kindness, i.e. for their own good.
 - c) That a country covered with farms and towns was preferable to a country covered by forests and inhabited by “savages”
 - d) All the above.
- 29) Who was empowered to remove the Indians in the 1830 Indian Removal Act?
- a) Congress
 - b) The Army
 - c) Individual state legislatures
 - d) The President
- 30) On page 110 of his autobiography, what did Congressman David Crockett of Tennessee have to say about the Indian Removal Act of 1830?
- a) That he supported it
 - b) That he thought it was a wicked and unjust measure
 - c) That the Indian tribes should be exterminated instead
 - d) That the Indians should all be forced to go to Mexico

- 31) In his 1835 *Circular of the Committee of Safety at San Felipe*, Stephen F. Austin said:
- a) That General Cos was expected to attack the colonies
 - b) That the people of Texas should insist on their rights as guaranteed by Mexico's Constitution of 1824
 - c) That the colonists ought to organize their militias
 - d) All the above
- 32) In his January 1836 letter to his children, what did former Congressman David Crockett say?
- a) That he expected to settle near the Red River
 - b) That he had enrolled as a volunteer [soldier] for six months
 - c) That he hoped to be elected to help write a Constitution for Texas
 - d) All the above
- 33) In the note that messenger Albert Martin wrote on page 4 of Colonel Travis's February 24, 1836 letter from the Alamo, how many defenders did he say were in the fortress when he left?
- a) 100
 - b) 150
 - c) 200
 - d) 1,000
- 34) On what date did Texas declare its independence from Mexico?
- a) February 24, 1836
 - b) March 2, 1836
 - c) March 6, 1836
 - d) April 21, 1836
- 35) In their Declaration of Independence, of what did the *Texians* complain?
- a) That the Mexican republic had become a centralized military despotism
 - b) That General Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna was responsible for their unhappiness
 - c) That the state government of *Texas y Coahuila* had been dissolved
 - d) All the above
- 36) In Congress' *Joint Resolution* offering terms of annexation to the Republic of Texas, it was stated that:
- a) Texas had until January 1, 1846 to accept the offer
 - b) Texas would retain its public (inappropriated) lands
 - c) Texas could be further subdivided into four more states
 - d) All the above

- 37) In the *Preliminary to a Treaty of Peace Between Mexico and Texas*, it was stated that:
- In order to have peace, Texas must rejoin the Mexican Republic
 - Mexico would recognize Texas' independence on condition that Texas not join itself to any other country
 - Mexico would recognize Texas' independence upon receipt of an indemnity of \$5 million
 - Mexico looked with favor upon the pending annexation of Texas to the U.S.
- 38) What did President Polk instruct diplomat John Slidell to do?
- Get Mexico to agree to the Rio Grande as the boundary of Texas
 - Discuss settlement of private U.S. claims against Mexico
 - Try to convince Mexico to sell New Mexico and California
 - All the above
- 39) What did Mexican President Paredes proclaim in April 1846, after President Polk ordered Gen. Zachary Taylor's troops to advance to the Rio Grande?
- That the U.S. had initiated hostilities
 - That he was ordering the Mexican army to wage a defensive war
 - That he was ordering the Mexican army to keep a watchful eye on Taylor's men
 - That he had decided to receive John Slidell as an emissary from the United States after all
 - Both A and B above
- 40) What did President Polk state in his 1846 *war message to Congress*?
- That he had tried to re-open diplomatic relations with Mexico
 - That Mexico had refused to receive an American envoy
 - That Mexican forces had invaded U.S. territory and killed U.S. soldiers
 - All the above.
- 41) Where did President Polk say that U.S. troops were stationed in Texas before moving to the Rio Grande in the spring of 1846?
- Austin
 - Corpus Christi
 - San Antonio
 - Nacogdoches
- 42) In the 1846 *Oregon Treaty* with Great Britain, what line was established as the boundary of the U.S. and Canada as far as Vancouver Island?
- The 36th parallel
 - Zero degrees longitude
 - The 49th parallel
 - 180 degrees longitude

- 43) Which of the following was **NOT** one of the terms of the 1848 *Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo* with Mexico?
- a) All Mexicans living in territory ceded to the United States must leave
 - b) The Rio Grande will form part of the boundary between the two countries
 - c) The United States will pay Mexico \$15 million
 - d) Upper California and New Mexico would be ceded to the U.S.
- 44) Who headed the committee that drew up the Seneca Falls *Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions*?
- a) Abigail Adams
 - b) Elizabeth Cady Stanton
 - c) Harriet Beecher Stowe
 - d) Ralph Waldo Emerson
- 45) Which of the following was **NOT** one of the grievances listed in the Seneca Falls *Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions*?
- a) Women had never been allowed to vote
 - b) Women had to submit to laws they had no hand in making
 - c) Women had fewer rights than the most degraded man
 - d) Women had never been allowed to freely choose a marriage partner
- 46) In his book *Walden*, Henry David Thoreau reveals that Walden is a:
- a) Town
 - b) River
 - c) Pond
 - d) House
- 47) In his book *Walden*, Henry David Thoreau reveals that he lived how far from the village of Concord?
- a) About a mile and a half
 - b) Five miles
 - c) A hundred miles
 - d) A thousand miles
- 48) In his treatise *Civil Disobedience*, Henry David Thoreau reveals that insofar as government is concerned, he could be classified as a:
- a) Libertarian (believer in very limited government)
 - b) Anarchist (believer in no government)
 - c) Democrat (liberal, progressive)
 - d) Republican (conservative)
 - e) Both A and B above

49) In his treatise *Civil Disobedience*, Henry David Thoreau protested against which war?

- a) The War of 1812
- b) The Mexican War
- c) The Civil War
- d) War in general

50) In his treatise *Civil Disobedience*, Henry David Thoreau reveals he was jailed for:

- a) Refusing to enlist in the army
- b) Refusing to pay a poll tax
- c) Drunk and disorderly conduct
- d) Defaming the President of the United States